

Pressure Regulators S21

SPRING LOADED PRESSURE REGULATORS





DESCRIPTION

The regulators **\$21** are a new line of direct action type pressure regulators, normally used in decompression installation for civil and industrial uses in canalized networks for natural gas, manufactured gas, LPG or other non corrosive, preliminary treated stable gases.

The **\$21** pressure regulators are "fail to open" type, which means that in case of malfunction due to the breaking of the main diaphragm or as a result of a lack of impulse downstream, the regulator will open up completely.

The **\$21** pressure regulators are "top entry" type, which allows for maintenance operations without having to remove the body from the pipes.

Modularity design allows for variation in its configuration even when already installed in stream. In addition, the modules can be easily disassembled for eventual controls and in case of malfunctions can be easily replaced with spare modules and subsequently repaired in the workshop, without having to shut down the installation.

The **S21** pressure regulators have a counterbalanced regulation device

The **S21** pressure regulators have a stroke indicator for quick identification of the instrument in operation

2 VERSIONS AVAILABLE

.BP

for an inlet pressure range of 0,5 \div 5 bar for an outlet pressure range of 10 \div 150 mbar

.MP

for an inlet pressure range of 0.5 \div 5 bar for an outlet pressure range of 10 \div 500 mbar

.AP

for an inlet pressure range of 0,5 \div 5 bar for an outlet pressure range of 500 \div 4000 mbar

3 MATERIALS

- · Body in cast iron (GJS-400-18)
- Covers in aluminium die-cast EN AC46100 EN1706
- Diaphragms in rubber with cloth enforcement
- · Seats in stainless steel or brass
- · Springs in stainless steel

.APA

for an inlet pressure range of 2 \div 20 bar for an outlet pressure range of 500 \div 4000 mbar

.APS (not counterbalanced)

for an inlet pressure range of 2 \div 20 bar for an outlet pressure range of 500 \div 4000 mbar

FEATURES

- · Anti-pumping device (only for S21-3)
- · Diaphragm shock adsorber or relief valve
- · Available with internal pressure pulse only
- · In accordance to 2014/68/UE EN334
- · Working Temperature: −20°C (−30°C) ÷ 60°C
- · Regulating Class: up to 5
- · Closing Pressure Class: up to 10

Available versions:

- · B: with OPSO/UPSO shut-off valve
- . M: working as monitor

	Inlet P	ressure			Outlet F	CG (valve coef-			
	BP, MP, AP	APS	APA	ВР	MP	AP, APS	AP, APA	ficient)	Connections
	bar				ml	Helency			
S21- 1	5 or 6	20				500 ÷ 4000		160	1" x 1"
S21- 2	5 or 6		20	14 ÷ 150	150 ÷ 500		500 ÷ 4000	281	1"x1"1/2
S21- 3	5 or 6		20				500 ÷ 4000	410	1"x1"1/2

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5.1 DIMENSIONING

The choice of the regulator is made using the **Cg** valve coefficient.

Cg coefficient is numerically equivalent to the value of air flow in Scfh in critical conditions with full open regulator operating with an upstream pressure of 1 psia and a temperature of 15° C.

Flow rates with maximum operating at different operating conditions can be calculated as follows:

a. in non critical conditions (when Pu < 2 Pd)

$$Q = \frac{13,57}{\sqrt{d \times (t_{u} + 273)}} \times C_{g} \times \frac{p_{u} + p_{b}}{2} \times \sin \left[K_{1} \times \sqrt{\frac{p_{u} - p_{d}}{p_{u} + p_{b}}} \right]_{deg}$$

b. in critical conditions (when $Pu \ge 2 Pd$) where:

$$Q = \frac{13,57}{\sqrt{d \times (t_{\rm u} + 273)}} \times C_{\rm g} \times \frac{p_{\rm u} + p_{\rm b}}{2}$$

Q=capacity [Stm3/h]

Pu = Absolute pressure upstream [bar]

Pd= Absolute pressure downstream [bar]

Pb= Ambient atmospheric

pressure [bar]

d= relative density (air= 1, non

dimensional value)

K1 = body shape factor

tu= gas temperature at the inlet

of the regulator under test in °C

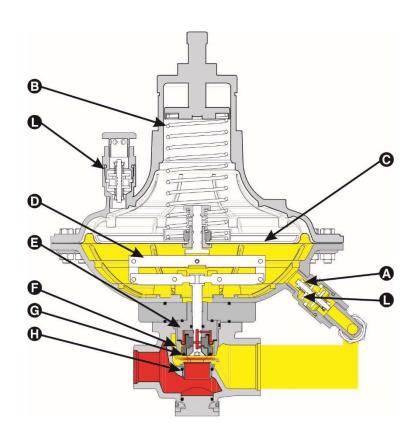
6 OPERATING PRINCIPLE

The operating principle for the **S21** regulators is the same as for all models, with the exception of certain marginal differences, exemplified below.

The **\$21** pressure regulator is a direct action type instrument with pressure control downstream through external impulse **(A)**. The downstream pressure is controlled by comparing the spring load **(B)** and the thrust deriving from the downstream pressure on the diaphragm **(C)**. The dia– phragm's movement is transmitted by the lever system

- (D) to the rod (E) and stopper (F). The rubber pad
- **(G)** is vulcanized on the stopper and assures hermetic closing when the required capacity is nil

If during operation the thrust deriving from the



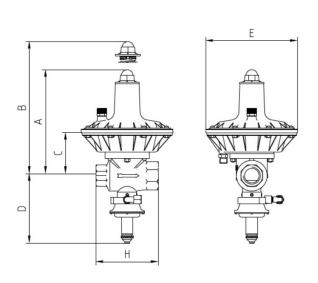
down- stream pressure is less than the spring load (B), the diaphragm (C) lower itself, and draws the stopper (F) away from the valve housing (H) until the downstream pressure once again attains the pre-set calibration value. The regulator type S21-3 has two incorporated antipumping devices (L) which operate to reduce the inflow/outflow of gas to the head during transitory phases, in order to exclude pumping phenomenon.

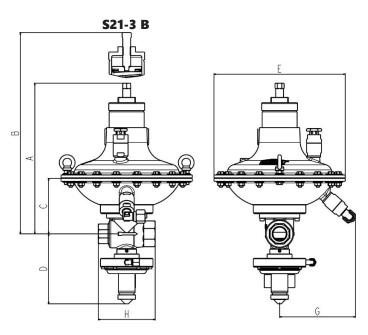
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7.1 OVERALL DIMENSIONS

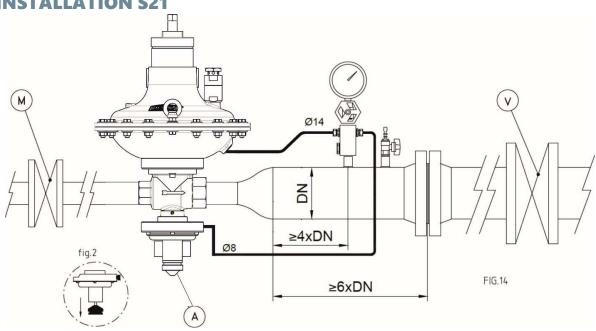






	ı	Н	Α		С	D	G	E				
	1" × 1"	1"x1" 1/2		В				versio n				
		mm										
S21-1 B	100		220	3856	90	135	-	189	189	189 TR		
								BP	MP	AP – APS		
S21-2 B		130	220	3856	90	135	-	189	189	189 TR		
								BP	MP	AP – APA		
							175	300	300	300		
S21-3 B		130	220	450	120	160		BP	MP	AP - APA		

7.2 INSTALLATION S21



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